

Reduction Initiative

2024 ANNUAL REPORT



The Capacity for Disaster Reduction Initiative (CADRI) is a global partnership committed to leaving no one behind and achieving the 2030 Agenda by strengthening countries' capacities to reduce disaster and climate risks.

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United Nations, Palais des Nations, Geneva

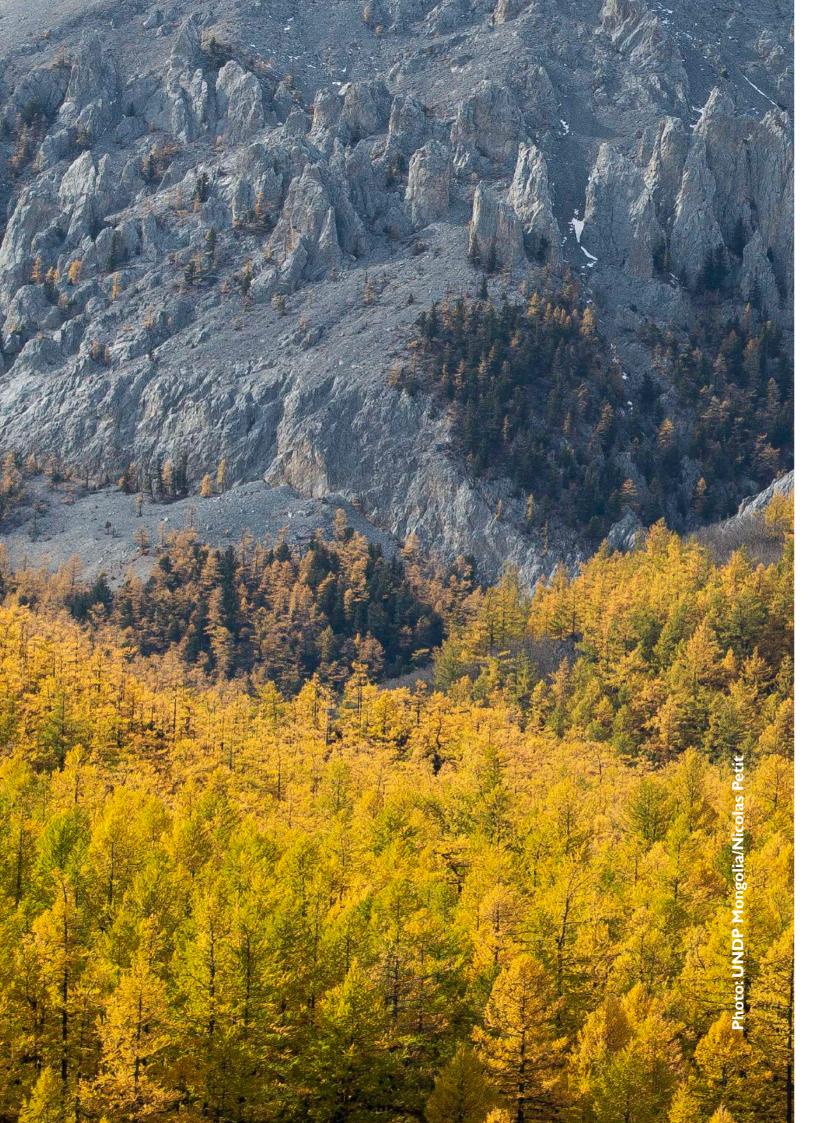
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Design: Caren Achieng



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Foreword

2024 marked a consolidation of CADRI's achievements and a turning point as the Partnership prepared for its next chapter.

The Partnership extended support to the Government of Djibouti in completing a comprehensive diagnosis of its disaster risk reduction (DRR) landscape and, throughout the year, worked with the Governments of Costa Rica, Ghana, Mongolia, and Madagascar to validate and apply findings from earlier diagnoses to inform national resilience-building efforts. In Zambia, CADRI worked to consolidate the outcomes of past missions to sustain momentum in capacity-building efforts.

As the Partnership approached the conclusion of its Joint Programme cycle (2019–2024), partners prepared for a new phase of operations focused on a nationally-led approach in the world's most vulnerable countries. The Joint Programme was extended until March 2025 to enable resource mobilization for this transition.

The CADRI Partnership prioritized documenting its transformative impact of the past five years in countries such as Bolivia, Costa Rica, Kyrgyz Republic, Tanzania, and Togo. This effort provided valuable insights into CADRI's role in strengthening collaboration between governments and the UN System, fostering multi-sector partnerships, deepening institutional awareness of DRR and climate change adaptation, and driving the development or revision of national policies, plans, and strategies. These achievements underscore CADRI's enduring contribution to strengthening national systems, as well as the continued relevance of CADRI's tools, methodologies, and collaborative approaches to advancing resilience.

Following on the recommendations of the Joint Programme Mid-Term Review, CADRI partners prepared the transition to a decentralized business model giving a stronger leadership role to UN Country Teams, with the gradual phase out of CADRI Global Secretariat functions being considered for 2025.

While administratively extended until 31 December 2025, this transition signals the conclusion of the CADRI Partnership 2019-2025 Joint Programme. It serves as an invitation to reimagine the ways in which we collaborate to tackle disaster and climate risk. We thank all our partners for their unwavering dedication throughout this journey. Together, we will carry forward the lessons and legacy of 15+ years of CADRI's capacity development work and commit to sustain this spirit of inter-agency collaboration.

> Rania Sharshr, Director, Climate Action Division, IOM Ronald Jackson, Head of Disaster Risk Reduction and Recovery for Building Resilience Team (DRT), UNDP

CADRI Board Co-Chairs



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ACRONYMS

BNGRC	Bureau National de Gestion des Risques et des Catastrophes (Madagascar)
CADRI	Capacity for Disaster Reduction Initiative
CCA	Climate Change Adaptation
CNE	National Commission for Risk Prevention and Emergency Response
CPGU	Cellule de Prevention et de la Gestion des Urgences (Madagascar)
DCO	UN Development Coordination Office
DRR	Disaster Risk Reduction
DRT	Disaster Risk Reduction and Recovery for Building Resilience Team
EW4All	Early Warnings for All
FAO	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations
GNDR	Global Network of Civil Society Organizations for Disaster
	Reduction
HNPW	Humanitarian Networks and Partnerships Week
IFRC	International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies
IOM	International Organization for Migration
IPSA	Individual Contractor Agreement at the Professional level
NADMO	National Disaster Management Organization (Ghana)
NCDRR	National Council on Disaster Risk Reduction (Mongolia)
NEMA	National Emergency Management Agency (Mongolia)
ОСНА	United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs
SEGRC	Executive Secretariat for Disaster Risk Management of the Ministry
	of the Interior
UNCT	United Nations Country Team
UNDAC	United Nations Disaster Assessment and Coordination
UNDP	United Nations Development Programme
UNDRR	United Nations Office for Disaster Risk Reduction
UNFPA	United Nations Population Fund
UNHCR	United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees
UNICEF	United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund
UNRCO	United Nations Resident Coordinator's Office
UNSDCF	United Nations Sustainable Development Cooperation Framework
USD	United States Dollar
WASH	Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene
WFP	World Food Programme



OURYEAR IN REVIEW

oto: UNDP



VALIDATION WORKSHOPS

PARTICIPANTS AT GLOBAL CADRI EVENT

NEW USERS OF THE CADRI TOOL

EXPANDED SOCIAL MEDIA PRESENCE

CAPACITY DIAGNOSIS MISSION

TECHNICAL EXPERTS MOBILIZED FOR CAPACITY DIAGNOSIS



A CLOSER LOOK AT OUR COUNTRY RESULTS **EXPANDING OUR IMPACT NEW ENGAGEMENTS IN 2024**

Djibouti: Assessing Capacities for DRR and CCA

In response to a request from the Government of Djibouti to support a review of national capacities to understand and manage disaster risks, the CADRI Partners conducted a scoping mission in January 2024 to build consensus on priority areas and socioeconomic sectors amongst national stakeholders.

This laid the foundation for a comprehensive capacity diagnosis in May 2024, which involved 28 experts from national institutions and CADRI partners. The validation of the diagnosis' findings and recommendations is expected in 2025.

Scoping Mission January 2024 **Organizations:** CADRI Secretariat, FAO, IOM, OCHA

Capacity Diagnosis Mission May 2024 Number of Experts: 28 **Organizations:** CADRI Secretariat, FAO, IOM, OCHA, UNDP, UNDAC, UNDRR, UNHCR, UNICEF, WFP. WHO



The scoping mission, held from 22 - 24 January, brought together experts from FAO, IOM and OCHA regional offices and the CADRI Secretariat, who held consultations with 37 entities - including 16 government institutions, three civil society groups, three NGOs, three bilateral cooperation partners and 12 UN Country Team (UNCT) agencies. The scoping mission recommended prioritizing six highly vulnerable sectors: Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (WASH), Food and Nutritional Security, Environment, Infrastructure, Human Mobility, and Health.

During the capacity diagnosis from 12 - 23 May, 28 experts from the government, the UNCT (FAO, IOM, UNDP, UNDRR, UNHCR, UNICEF, WFP and WHO) and regional and international experts deployed by FAO, IOM and UNDAC, conducted a review of Djibouti's national and local systems for managing climate and disaster risks in key socio-economic sectors.

During the mission, consultations were held with 22 central institutions, 39 local institutions, 16 multi- and bilateral partners, and three civil society organizations, ensuring a broad and inclusive consultative process. The mission covered Djibouti City and the regions of Tadjourah, Obock, Dikhil, Ali Sabieh, and Arta. It culminated in a workshop where preliminary findings were presented and discussed, paving the way to align these findings with the review of Djibouti's national disaster risk reduction (DRR) strategy, in line with the Sendai Framework for DRR 2015–2030, and the implementation of the Early Warnings for All (EW4All) Initiative.

A testimonial video captures the collaborative efforts and highlights contributions from key stakeholders committed to building Djibouti's disaster resilience.

CONTINUING THE JOURNEY

ADVANCING THE DRR AGENDA BY BUILDING ON CADRI CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

Processes that were initiated in 2023 or before and continued into 2024 include engagements in Mongolia, Costa Rica, Ghana, Madagascar, and Zambia.

Mongolia

Following the capacity diagnosis mission undertaken in September 2023, under the leadership of the National Emergency Management Agency (NEMA) which involved over 100 national officials and 120 local stakeholders, the findings and recommendations were consolidated in a report and summarized in a policymaker's digest in English and Mongolian.

On 9 December, the main findings and recommendations were validated by the National Council on DRR (NCDRR) held at the State Palace in Ulaanbaatar. Chaired by Deputy Prime Minister H.E. Mr. S. Amarsaikhan, the meeting brought together government ministers, local authorities, and NGOs.

Policy and operational recommendations to enhance disaster preparedness, early warning, and risk reduction will inform legal and policy reforms and help operationalize Mongolia's next mid-term strategy for implementing the Sendai Framework for DRR (2026–2030). NCDRR members will monitor progress in implementation on a monthly basis.

The Government of Mongolia commended the CADRI Partnership support at the Asia-Pacific Ministerial Conference on Disaster Risk Reduction in Manila, in October 2024.

The Capacity diagnosis report and Policymaker's Digests are available in English and Mongolian on the <u>CADRI website</u> under the 'Media Hub/Publications' section. You can also read more about CADRI's engagement in Mongolia through the dedicated story available on Medium <u>here</u>.

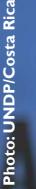
Costa Rica

On 26 June 2024, the main findings and recommendations from the capacity diagnosis conducted in September 2023 were validated by the National Commission for Risk Prevention and Emergency Response (CNE) of Costa Rica in collaboration with the UN Resident Coordinator's Office (RCO). This diagnosis mission had been customized to the Government request using the <u>CADRI Digital Tool</u> to focus on the national recovery system, involving 15 experts and over 140 representatives from national and local institutions.

Following the validation, these recommendations have laid the groundwork for the development of a national framework for disaster recovery, supported the operationalization of the recovery subsystem of the National Risk Management Policy (2016–2030), enhanced the harmonization of UN agency efforts around the National Recovery Plan, and helped optimize and leverage existing investments. In October 2024, stakeholders involved in the mission provided overwhelmingly positive feedback on the quality of CADRI's services, with the outcomes of the capacity diagnosis being considered extremely relevant, useful, and practical.

The capacity diagnosis report for Costa Rica is available on the <u>CADRI website</u> under the 'Media Hub/ Publications' section, or can be downloaded directly using this <u>link</u>.









Ghana

On 13 August 2024, the findings and recommendations of Ghana's capacity diagnosis were validated under the leadership of the National Disaster Management Organization (NADMO), with support from the UNCT, RCO, and the CADRI Partnership. The validation exercise reinforced national ownership and ensured alignment with Ghana's broader resilience-building agenda.

The next steps for the Government include developing an implementation and capacity development plan, integrating the recommendations into the National DRR Strategy and Action Plan, and harmonizing recommendations with international and national development frameworks.

The capacity diagnosis report stems from a government request in June 2022 for CADRI's support in strengthening Ghana's National DRR Strategy, building capacities for DRR and CCA, and creating a multi-hazard contingency plan. The diagnosis mission, led by NADMO, engaged 37 experts and consulted over 80 stakeholders. It provided a comprehensive analysis of Ghana's DRR and CCA capabilities, emphasizing governance, coordination, and critical sectors such as agriculture, energy, water and sanitation, and social protection.

The capacity diagnosis report and policymaker's digest for Ghana are available in English on the <u>CADRI website</u> under the 'Media Hub/Publications' Section. You can also read more about CADRI's engagement in Ghana through the dedicated story available on Medium<u>here</u>

Madagascar

On 12 December 2024, Madagascar's Bureau National de Gestion des Risques et des Catastrophes (BNGRC) led the validation of the findings and recommendations of the capacity diagnosis mission to stimulate dialogue around priority actions to strengthen resilience and explore resource mobilization opportunities to implement priority recommendations.

Organized by UNDP Madagascar, the validation workshop was attended by around 50 representatives from government bodies, UN agencies, NGOs, and the private sector, who worked in thematic groups to review the capacity diagnosis findings and recommendations. The BNGRC and *Cellule de Prevention et de la Gestion des Urgences* (CPGU) will incorporate the inputs provided by sectoral experts. The final output will serve as an essential resource for monitoring the implementation of Madagascar's National DRR Strategy, assessing progress in achieving the Sendai Framework for DRR, and guiding resource mobilization for DRR.

The capacity diagnosis report and policymaker's digest for Madagascar will be made publicly available in early-2025. You can read more about CADRI's engagement in Madagascar through the dedicated story available on Medium <u>here</u>.



Zambia

A national consultant recruited by the CADRI Secretariat consolidated the findings and recommendations from the capacity diagnosis held in October 2023 with the deployment of 27 experts and the engagement of 32 national and local institutions across sectors.

The diagnosis aims to support the implementation of Zambia's 8th National Development Plan and the United Nations Sustainable Development Cooperation Framework (UNSDCF) 2023–2027. A policymaker's digest is expected to be prepared in early-2025, after which a timeline for the validation of the report's findings and recommendations will be agreed.

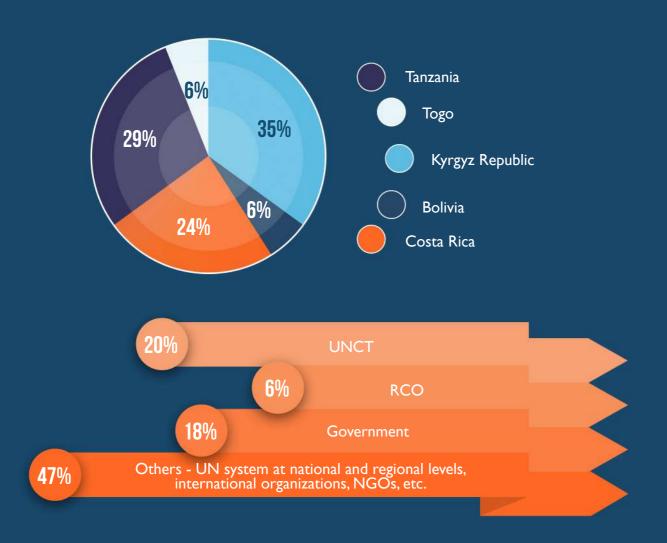


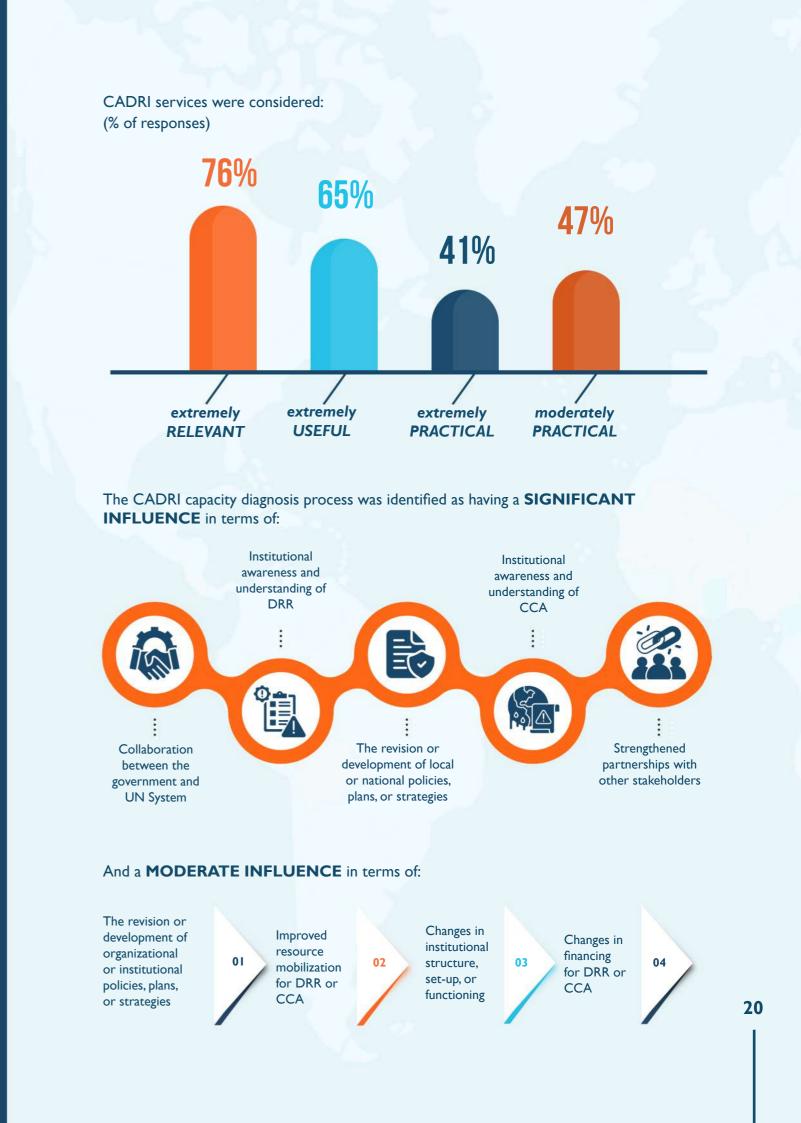
OUR IMPACT

This year, the CADRI Partnership took a significant step to strengthen its monitoring and evaluation mechanisms, aiming to better understand the medium-term impact of its services. A comprehensive impact survey was developed in August 2024 and initially distributed to focal points in five countries that had implemented CADRI services and validated outputs within the past five years, gathering 17 responses. To ensure broad accessibility and inclusivity, the survey was made available in English, French, and Spanish.

At the end of 2024, the distribution list was expanded to include all stakeholders involved in capacity diagnosis missions in these countries. The survey remains open, with additional responses anticipated in early 2025, paving the way for a more thorough analysis of the value of CADRI services and CADRI's contributions to national processes and international goals.

Impact survey responses by country and institution:





COUNTRY-SPECIFIC IMPACTS The Kyrgyz Republic

CADRI Services were rated as having the most **significant influence** on:

- The revision or development of local or national policies, plans, or strategies
- Collaboration between the government and UN System
- Strengthened partnerships with other stakeholders

2019 Government

request

2021

Virtual scoping mission Capacity diagnosis mission

2022

Supported by experts from FAO, OCHA/UNDAC, UNDP, UNFPA,

UNICEF, WHO

Value & results shared in global & regional fora, including Sendai Mid-**Term Review & SDG Regional Forum**

Strengthened joint UN planning & programming

Enhanced coordination between government ministries & development agencies

Recommendations embedded within the **UNSDCF**

Update of the National Concept of Comprehensive Protection of the Population and Territories of the Kyrgyz Republic Against Emergencies (2018 - 2030)

Development of an action plan for implementation of the National Concept (2023 - 2026)

Enhanced investment in risk-informed programming, including for WFP & UNICEF

3 unicef

"CADRI's role is not just about assessing risks; it's about building resilience from the ground up. CADRI's work in the Kyrgyz Republic was a true partnership effort, with each agency bringing their sector-specific expertise to the table. This joint approach ensured that all sectors, including health, education, and social protection, were addressed holistically"

unicef

"The CADRI process not only influenced our work in social protection but strengthened our partnerships across the UN System and with Government line ministries. We now have a clearer roadmap for building resilience through joint programming"



UNDP Kyrgyzstan

"My experience with CADRI has been extremely positive and valuable in promoting disaster resilience in Kyrgyzstan. Their multi-sectoral approach provided a clear picture of how risks intersect in sectors such as health and agriculture, which strengthened our DRR strategies"

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UNICEF Regional Office for **Europe and Central Asia**

UNICEF Kyrgyzstan

Costa Rica

"The exercise has been very useful for a greater harmonization of the work of UN agencies around the Recovery Plan" – Office of the UN Resident Coordinator

CADRI Services were rated as having the most significant influence on:

- The revision or development of local or national policies, plans, or strategies
- Sollaboration between the government and UN System
- Institutional awareness of CCA

••• Scoping mission

.... Capacity diagnosis mission



... Validation workshop o: UNDP/Costa Rica

Supported by experts from IOM, UNDP, UNFPA, UNHCR,

UNICEF, UNOPS, UNESCO, WHO

Recommendations embedded within the **UNSDCF**

Development of a National Framework for **Disaster Recovery** (in progress)

Harmonization of UN agency efforts around the National Recovery Plan

Operationalization of the recovery subsystem of the National Risk Management Policy (2016-2030)

Tanzania

"The CADRI capacity diagnosis strengthened evidence on existing gaps in DRR and influenced the planning and implementation of project activities by UN agencies. in collaboration with the government, to address these gaps" – UN Country Team

CADRI Services were rated as having a significant influence on all processes, in particular:

Institutional awareness and understanding of DRR

Collaboration between the government and the UN System

IULY ... Scoping

mission

Capacity diagnosis

Supported by experts from CARE Tanzania, FAO, IOM, IRC, OCHA/ UNDAC, UNDP, UNDRR, UNDRR, UNFPA, UNICEF, WFP, WHO

Joint planning and implementation of DRR/CCA projects by UN agencies and the government

Increased programming and **investment** in DRR for organizations such as IOM and CARE Tanzania, as well as within key sectors (e.g., social protection, education, health, WASH)

Reform of the disaster management sector, shifting from a reactive response and recovery model to a proactive institution focused on prevention and preparedness

23

mission

••• Validation workshop

NO TOWN

oint proposal development for **resource** mobilization

Review of Disaster Management Policy (2011)

24

DP Tanzania/Phil Kabuje

OUR OUTREACH

Despite limited coordination capacity within the global Secretariat, the CADRI Partnership made notable progress in showcasing its value to a broader audience beyond existing partners.

Social Media

In July 2024, the Partnership expanded its social media presence to increase visibility, engage a broader audience, and amplify the impact of its messaging.

The CADRI Partnership, is now active on:



Storytelling

Since October 2024, CADRI has prioritized storytelling to distill lengthy capacity diagnosis reports into digestible highlights. The Partnership has published several stories on the Medium platform, strategically aligning them with UN international days to enhance their relevance, focus, and impact while boosting readership.

You can read stories published for UNDRR's International Day of Disaster Risk Reduction (IDDRR) and UNICEF's World Children's Day here:



Disaster Resilience



Republic

You can also read stories on CADRI's country engagements in Madagascar and Mongolia here:



Strengthening Madagascar's Resilience: Insights and **Action from the CADRI Partnership Engagement**



Land of the Eternal Blue Sky

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From Crisis to Classroom: Safeguarding Mongolia's Schools and Educating Youth as Pathways to

How UNICEF and the CADRI Partnership Are Building a More Resilient Future for the Kyrgyz

Bolstering Preparedness and Risk Reduction in Mongolia: CADRI Partnership's Support for the

The CADRI Tool



Scan the QR code to access the Tool

In 2024, 92 users registered for the CADRI Tool for capacity diagnosis, sector-specific analysis and planning, totalling 566 registrations as of 31 December 2024. In May, the capacity diagnosis mission in Djibouti was facilitated by the CADRI Tool, supporting the assessment of existing capacities, gaps and challenges at national and local level according to the four priority areas of the Sendai Framework for DRR.

The CADRI E-Catalogue



Scan the QR code to access the E-Catalogue

The CADRI E-Catalogue is a repository of training modules from partner agencies on core topics including risk information, risk governance, and disaster preparedness. This year, 18 new modules were added from FAO, RedR Australia, UNDP, and UNDRR.

CADRI at HNPW 2024

In May 2024, the CADRI Partnership held a hybrid event at the Humanitarian Network and Partnerships Week (HNPW) in Geneva which emphasized the transformative potential of CADRI's new business model with a renewed focus on UNCTs leadership role through RCOs enabling locally driven support.

The event, attended by over 60 representatives from governments, UN agencies, and civil society organizations, featured a panel of experts from FAO, GNDR, IFRC, IOM, UNDP, UNDRR, and WHO.

The session underscored CADRI's strategic role in boosting global resilience through partnerships, innovation, and a deepened focus on local leadership and community engagement.

Insights from Panelists

Dr. Abhilash Panda (UNDRR) highlighted CADRI's alignment with the
Sendai Framework for DRR, showcasing its unique ability to mobilize and unite diverse technical expertise to support effective DRR and CCA implementation.

Dunja Dujanovic (FAO) called for aligning CADRI's outreach with global initiatives such as the Santiago Network, Early Warnings for All, and the Risk-informed Early Action Partnership, fostering integration across humanitarian, development, peacebuilding, and climate domains.

Jonathan Stone (IFRC) emphasized collaboration and continuity in DRR, advocating for synergies with emerging initiatives and for CADRI to continue to work closely with governments to co-deliver results.

Dr. Qudsia Huda (WHO) highlighted the integration of health into DRR strategies, citing Tanzania as an example where CADRI assessments bolstered the Universal Health Preparedness Review.

Andrew Knight (GNDR) stressed the inclusion of local communities and civil society in DRR and CCA efforts. He urged CADRI to empower local governments to enhance grassroots implementation.

FINANCIAL **REPORTING FOR** 2024

Pooled Fund

In 2024, FAO and IOM met their annual commitment to the inter-agency pooled fund which enabled the hiring of a Junior Programme Coordinator, the technical support and maintenance of digital platforms (including website hosting and the CADRITool), and the hiring of consultants to support country-level work.

In-Kind Contributions

Deployment of Expertise to Country Engagements

The Partnership's success at the national level relies on partner agencies' in-kind contributions, particularly the deployment of expert staff for scoping and capacity diagnosis missions. In 2024, 28 experts from global, regional, and national levels were deployed by CADRI partners to support CADRI country work. CADRI partners also provided leadership and advisory support to in-country follow up activities such as implementing CADRI recommendations, organizing report validation workshops (e.g. UNDP in Madagascar), and translating reports into local languages (e.g. UNDRR in Mongolia). These CADRI Partners in-kind contributions remain essential to the Partnership's operations.

2024 Secretariat Budget

CADRI Secretariat Budget Allocation 2024 Contributions to the Pooled Fund (USD)					
Partner	Amount				
FAO	80,000				
IOM	80,000				
UNDP	45,000				
Rolled Over from 2023					
Source	Amount				
Pooled funds	35,000				

Financial Report

As of 31 December 2024, the CADRI Secre budg

Approved Budget	240,000
Delivery	178,129
Balance	61,871

Summary	2024

etariat	had	spent	74.22	. % c	of the a	ipprov	ved
get							

SHIFTING STRATEGY FOR THE PARTNERSHIP

"We need CADRI, but with a new implementation modality with more responsibility from all partner agencies" – Respondent of the 2024 Impact Survey

DECEMBER 2023

Joint Programme first extension

Joint Programme (2019-2023) extended to 31 March 2024 to allow time for transition to next phase

pooled fund

JANUARY 2024

UNDP contributions cut

UNDP unable to provide full annual contribution to pooled fund, nor cover global coordination Secretariat position

service offer

MARCH 2024	APRIL 2024		JULY 2024	
Board meeting	Joint Programme second extension		Task Team established	
Board adopts proposed approach of next Joint Programme (originally 2024- 2030)	until 31 De and Execu agree to transition t	mme extended ecember 2025 tive Partner's o CADRI's o a UNCT-led ce offer	UNDP, IOM, FAO nominated Task Team members to drive resource mobilization	
DECEMBER 2024		>	2025	
PAG meeting limited contribu		Transition to	o a UNCT-led service offer	
IOM and UNDP only agencies to confirm 2025 contributions to the		December	gramme extended until 31 2025 and Executive Partner's DRI's transition to a UNCT-led	

Planning the Next Phase

Following a mid-term review and extensive consultations in 2022, the CADRI Board established a working group in mid-2023 to conceptualize the next phase of the Partnership. The proposed business model emphasizes a decentralized, UNCT-led approach aligned with the UNSDCF

To allow time for exploring the feasibility of sustaining a coordination function at the global and/or regional level—given the CADRI Partners' constraints in meeting annual commitments to the inter-agency pooled fund—the Joint Programme was extended until 31 March 2025. In early 2025, the Joint Programme was further extended until 31 December 2025, while partners advance the transition to a UNCT-led model and continue to consider the possible phase-out of the Global Secretariat function.

Mobilizing Resources for 2025–2030

To sustain the next phase, the CADRI Secretariat aimed to raise USD 7.2 million over six years to support operations and services in up to six priority countries annually. In 2024, the Secretariat focused on consolidating existing country engagements and mobilizing resources to implement the next phase, forming a Task Team to engage donors; however, resource mobilization efforts in 2024 were unsuccessful.

Our Secretariat

The CADRI Partnership welcomes a renewed inter-agency secretariat team dedicated to implement a smooth transition to the new CADRI Business model.





Angelika Planitz UNDP





Camille Balfroid IOM





UNFPA





Sophie Lee UNICEF















Ingo Piegeler

WORKING TOGETHER



Ronald Jackson

Board/PAG Co-chair, 33 UNDP



Rania Sharshr

Board Co-chair, IOM



Danila Bogdan

PAG Co-chair, IOM





Nicholas Bishop IOM



Tamara Van't Wout FAO



Karla Lienhart IOM



Nourou Macki Tall FAO



Coordinated by:

Rebecca Smith, **CADRI** Secretariat **Programme Coordinator**

Regional Focal Points

Since 2010, CADRI has supported 46 countries across global regions. In October 2024, we reviewed and consolidated our list of regional focal points and are moving into the next year with strong technical capacity in all regions.

Asia and the Pacific

Eastern Africa



Diana Calleg UNDRR

John McCue

IOM

Amina Saoudi

IOM



Chinatsu Endo UNDRR

Sabira Coelho

IOM



Harold Rice UNDRR



Rahul Sengupta UNDRR





Mohamed Fadiga FAO

Federica Cecchet IOM

Middle East and North Africa





Jo De Backer IOM

Winnie Machaki IOM

Europe and Central Asia





Stanislav Kim UNDP

Tigran Tovmasyan UNICEF

Latin America and the Caribbean



Luis Gamarra UNDP







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MOI UN MIGRATION UN MIGRATION

> Andrew Craig IOM

Southern Africa

Sina Luchen FAO

Ebele Michael UNFPA

> unicef 🥨 for every child

> > UNICEF

Oscar Tapera

Western and Central Africa



Emmanuel Noel IOM



Ayman Omer FAO



Samar Hammoud **WHO**



For more information about the partnership please contact us at <u>cadri.partnership@undp.org</u> or visit our website <u>cadri.net</u>